

Verification and certification report form for Gold Standard project activities

BASIC INFORMATION	
Title and GS reference number of the project activity	Title: Namene Solar Light Company: Replacing kerosene lights and paraffin candles by solar lights in Namibia.
	GS ID : GS7784
Scale of the project activity	Large-scale
	Small-scale
Version number of the verification and certification report	02
Completion date of the verification and certification report	20/05/2024
Monitoring period number and duration of this	01 st Monitoring period
monitoring period	01/01/2022-30/06/2023 (including both the days)
Version number of the monitoring report to which this report applies	Version 01.5, dated 09/05/2024
Crediting period of the project activity corresponding to this monitoring period	01/01/2022 to 31/12/2026 (including both the days)
Project representative(s)	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.
Host Party	Namibia
Applied methodologies and standardized baselines	AMS-III A.R- Substituting fossil fuel-based lighting with LED/CFL lighting systems, Version 6.0
Mandatory sectoral scopes	Sectoral Scope 1: Energy Industries (renewable/non- renewable sources)
Conditional sectoral scopes, if applicable	NA
Estimated amount of GHG emission reductions or GHG removals for this monitoring duration in the registered PDD	44,854 tCO _{2e}
Certified amount of GHG emission reductions or GHG removals for this monitoring period	11,664 tCO2e
SDG Impacts:	1. SDG 1- No Poverty 2. SDG 7- Clean, Affordable Energy for all 3. SDG 13- Climate Action
Name and UNFCCC reference number of the VVB	E-0052: Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd.
Name, position and signature of the approver of the verification and certification report	Buya Suman
	Priya Suman, Compliance Officer

SECTION A. Executive summary

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Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd. (CCIPL) is performing the first periodic verification of the GS project "GS7784 Namene Solar Light Company: Replacing Kerosene lights and paraffin candles by solar lights in Namibia" (GS project id: GS 7784) for the period 01/01/2022 - 30/06/2023 (inclusive of both the dates). The project activity aim is to distribute lighting global quality certified, pico-solar lights to the households that do not have access to the electricity grid in Namibia. The project activity reduces the emitted GHG and climate forcing black carbon generated from burning fossilfuel based sources for lighting. The start date of the project activity is 27/05/2021 /03/.

According to the PDD /09/ & MR /01/, the project activity " GS7784 Namene Solar Light Company: Replacing Kerosene lights and paraffin candles by solar lights in Namibia" the overall objective of the project activity is to contribute to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) under SDG 1, SDG 7, and SDG 13 by providing lighting systems, the project will ensure that individuals, households and communities consuming kerosene lamps and paraffin candles will be replaced with the pico-solar lights and as a result there shall be a mitigation of CO_2 emissions.

This report summarises the findings of the verification of the project, performed on the basis of Gold standard for global goals (GS4GG)/ UNFCCC, as well as criteria given to provide for consistent project operations, monitoring and reporting and the subsequent decisions by the Gold Standard. Verification is required for all registered GS project activities intending to confirm their achieved emission reductions and proceed with request for issuance of VERs. This report contains the findings and resolutions from the verification and a certification statement for the verified emission reductions.

Verification is the periodic independent review and ex-post determination of both quantitative and qualitative information by a Validation & verification body (VVB), of the monitored reductions in GHG emissions under SDG 13 including the achievement of other SDGs mentioned above that have occurred as a result of the project activity during a defined monitoring period.

Certification is the written assurance by a validation & verification body (VVB) that, during a specific period, a project activity achieved the emission reductions as verified.

The objective of this verification was to verify and certify achievement of SDGs reported for the "GS7784 Namene Solar Light Company: Replacing Kerosene lights and paraffin candles by solar lights in Namibia" in the host country "Namibia" for the period 01/01/2022 - 30/06/2023 (including both the days).

The purpose of verification is to review the monitoring results and verify that the monitoring methodology was implemented according to the monitoring plan and monitoring data and used to confirm the reductions in anthropogenic emissions by sources, is sufficient, definitive, and presented in a concise and transparent manner. CCIPL's objective is to perform a thorough, independent assessment of the registered project activity.

In particular, the monitoring plan, monitoring report and the project's compliance with relevant GS and Host Party criteria are verified in order to confirm that the component project/s has/have been implemented in accordance with the previously registered project design and conservative assumptions, as documented. It is also confirmed if the monitoring plan is in compliance with the registered PDD /09/ and the approved monitoring methodology /B05/.

Scope:

The scope of the verification is:

• To verify the project implementation and operation with respect to the registered PDD/09/

- To verify the implemented monitoring plan with the registered PDD /09/ and applied baseline and monitoring methodology /B05/.
- To verify that the actual monitoring systems and procedures are in compliance with the monitoring systems and procedures described in the monitoring plan.
- To evaluate the GHG emission reduction data and express a conclusion with a reasonable level of assurance about whether the reported GHG emission reduction data is free from material misstatement.
- To verify that reported GHG emission data is sufficiently supported by evidence.

The verification shall ensure that the reported emission reductions are complete and accurate in order to be certified.

Verification process:

The verification comprises a review of the monitoring report /01/ over the monitoring period from 01/01/2022 - 30/06/2023 and based on the registered PDD /09/ as part of the monitoring parameters and monitoring plan, emission reduction calculation spreadsheet, monitoring methodology, and all related evidence provided by project participants.

On-site interviews and inspections are also performed as part of the verification process.

Conclusion:

The verification team assigned by the Validation & Verification body (VVB) concludes that the monitoring report /01/, meet all relevant requirements of the Gold Standard as per the requirements of GS4GG/ UNFCCC. The verification has been conducted in-line with the GS4GG/ UNFCCC requirements.

The project activity was correctly implemented according to the selected monitoring methodology /B05/, monitoring plan and the registered PDD /09/. The monitoring system was installed, maintained in a proper manner, while collected monitoring data allowed for the verification of the amount of achieved GHG emission reductions. The following table provides the resulted emission reduction from the project as verified through the document review and on-site interviews by the verification team. s

Vintage	VER (tCO ₂ e)
01/01/2022 - 31/12/2022	4928 tCO ₂ e
01/01/2023- 30/06/2023	6736 tCO ₂ e
Total for the monitoring period	11,664 tCO ₂ e

CCIPL as a Validation & verification body (VVB) is therefore pleased to issue a positive verification opinion expressed in the section F of this report.

SECTION B. Verification team, technical reviewer and approver

B.1. Verification team member

No.	Role		Last name	First name	Affiliation	Invol	vemen	t in	
		Type of resource			(e.g. name of central or other office of VVB or outsourced entity)	Desk/document review	On-site inspection	Interviews	Verification findings
1.	Team Leader / /Technical Expert	İR	Raychoudhury	Rishi Kishore	CCIPL	Х	X	X	Х
2.	Trainee Assessor	IR	Nifiya J	Jeni Mirasclin	CCIPL	Х	Х	Х	Х
3.	Local Expert	ER	Amutenya	Josephine	CCIPL	NA	Х	Х	NA

B.2. Technical reviewer and approver of the verification and certification report

No.	Role	Type of resource	Last name	First name	Affiliation (e.g. name of central or other office of VVB or outsourced entity)
1.	Technical reviewer	IR	С	Indumathi	CCIPL
2.	Approver	IR	Suman	Priya	CCIPL

Audit Team Experience:

The team composition is linked to the methodology and local experience in the host country.

Rishi K. Raychoudhury: Qualified lead assessor for validations and verifications GHG mitigation projects under CDM, VCS, GS4GG and GCC and actively been involved in the validation and verification of GHG mitigation projects. He is qualified as technical expert for TA 1.2 & 3.1 under CDM SS categorization. He has undergone extensive training in the validation and verification of carbon offset projects including the accreditation requirements for the VVBs. Currently, he is employed with Carbon Check in the capacity of lead assessor. He has extensive work experience on working on Energy industry and Energy demand projects under CDM, VCS, GS4GG and GCC projects in Africa, particularly in Malawi, Uganda, Zambia and Namibia.

Jeni Miraclin Nifiya J: She is a trainee assessor. She has done various validation and verification projects under CDM, VCS, GS4GG and GCC and other GHG schemes. She is a trainee assessor as per the Validation/Verification training in ISO 14064-1, ISO-14065-2 and ISO 14064-3 and attended GS4GG webinars.

Josephine Amutenya: She is appointed as a Local Expert for Namibia who is proficient in speaking the native language of the residence in Namibia. She has been involved in various projects as local expert. Furthermore, she has been also involved as Junior Councillor, School, Board Vice Chairperson.

Indumathi C: She is a qualified internal technical reviewer for validation and verification of GHG emission reduction projects under CDM, VCS and GS. She is an appointed Team Leader and Technical Expert for technical areas TA 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 13.1 & 13.2. She has more than 13 years of

work experience in climate change mitigation, renewable energy, energy efficiency and energy access. She has worked with various Designated Operational Entities like TUV NORD, TUV Rheinland and 4KES for more than 250 GHG emission reduction projects under different carbon crediting mechanisms. She is a certified GHG Auditor and Energy Manager (Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Government of India).

SECTION C. Means of verification

C.1. Desk/document review

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The verification was performed primarily based on the review of the Monitoring report /01/ and the supporting documentation /01-18/. This process included review of data and information presented to verify their completeness and review of the monitoring plan and monitoring methodology. Documents reviewed or referenced during the verification are listed in Appendix 3 below.

C.2. On-site inspection

Onsite physical audit has been performed. The Team leader along with the team has conducted the on-site inspection and in particular the acceptance sampling.

Furthermore, VVB has considered the Site Visit and Remote Audit Requirements and Procedures, version 1.0/B02/ for conducting the onsite visit. In accordance with the requirements provided in the paragraph 3.1.1(b) of the Site Visit and Remote Audit Requirements and Procedures, version 1.0/B02/.

No.				Date	Subject	Team member
	Last name	First name	Affiliation			
/01/	Mutesi	John	Namene Solar lights Ltd.	16/10/2023 & 17/10/2023	Project Design, ownership details, carbon credit sharing arrangements, monitoring and reporting arrangements, QA/QC procedures, baseline assessment, project technology, double counting.	Rishi Kishore Raychoudhury J Jeni Miraclin Nifiya
/02/	Namwandi	Jacobina	End user- 2203083004 38, 2105133028 66, 2208163053 58	16/10/2023	Commissioning details, Agreement with project developers, Functioning of solar lights, sustainability issues, baseline fuel. Post project benefits,	Josephine Amutenya
/03/	Nelongo	Agripine	End user- 2208253018 21	16/10/2023	Impact on health and livelihood.	
/04/	Inkona	Helaria	End user- 2208243028 79, 2208163051 73.	16/10/2023		
/05/	Angala	Christian	End user- 2208263006 68, 2208173003 19	16/10/2023		

C.3. Interviews

/06/	Hango	Benonia	End user-	16/10/2023
, ,		Denema	2208263006	10,10,2020
			70, 2203063049	
1071	lobonnes	Domotilia	89.	16/10/2022
/07/	Johannes	Demetilie	End user- 2208263006	16/10/2023
/08/	Maishele	Veilco	65 End user-	16/10/2023
/00/	Maishele	Venco	2208263006	10/10/2023
/09/	Namadhite	Papafrans	66 End user-	17/10/2023
1001	, tamadinto	rapanano	2203111301	11710/2020
			627, 2208163038	
			18, 2208203007	
			22	
/10/	Nepolo	Simon	End user- 2109163038	17/10/2023
			93,	
			2203083009 62.	
/11/	Itana	Martha	End user- 2208213018	17/10/2023
			04,	
			2106013021 54	
/12/	Samuel	Halena	End user- 2105313035	17/10/2023
			75,	
			2203093049 03,	
			2208629301	
			217, 2106023031	
/13/	Kuti	Martin	09. End user-	17/10/2023
/13/	Ruu	iviai (ii i	2105303053	17/10/2023
			37, 2208153006	
			24,	
			2207073004 24,	
			2106023027 76,	
			2106023036	
			68, 2203053014	
			81	1-110/2222
/14/	Niilong	Wilka	End user- 2106023050	17/10/2023
14 5 1	l lunio di	Liime	57	47/40/2022
/15/	Uupindi	Hilma	End user- 2106013020	17/10/2023
			28, 2203053016	
			28	

VVB has interviewed the beneficiaries with the help of local expert only after confirmation of willingness to participate in the interview. Hence, the interview conducted by VVB complies with the paragraph 7.16.6 (e) of GS4GG Validation and Verification Standard, version 1.0 /B01/.

C.4. Sampling approach

The project activity involves distribution of solar powered light to replace kerosene and paraffin candles. The output of the solar lights is homogeneous in nature and in line with the requirement of the applied methodology AMS III A.R V.6.0, hence, PP has considered simple random sampling plan using 90/10 as confidence / precision. This is in line with the applied methodology /B05/. The sample size for each parameter is determined following guidelines for Sampling and Surveys for CDM Project activities and Programme of Activities Version 4.0 (EB86, Annex 4) /B07/.

In line with paragraph 26 of the Standard for Sampling and surveys for CDM Project activities and Programme of Activities Version 9.0, the verification team has applied acceptance sampling approach through on-site interviews on the monitoring survey as part of verification. The project participant had applied sampling approach to the monitoring survey /05/, conducted by the representatives of project participant. The verification team has chosen acceptance sampling in accordance with paragraph 28 of the sampling standard /B08/.

Applying paragraph 39 (c) of the Standard for Sampling and surveys for CDM Project activities and Programme of Activities Version 9.0 /B08/, a sample size of 14 households was chosen (with no discrepant records).

With reference to the paragraph 32 and 36 of the applied methodology AMS III-AR version 6, the percentage of project lamps that are operating and in service can be assumed to equal 100 per cent in year 1, 2, and 3, the result of ex post monitoring survey undertaken during the third year shall be used in years 4, 5, 6 and 7. In line with this PD has conducted the monitoring survey to monitor only the current expenditure of the end users on lighting (project scenario expenditure for SDG 1 scenario). Initially, VVB has selected sample size of 11, based on an AQL of 0.5% and UQL of 20%; producer risk 10% and consumer risk of 10% each with Acceptance number (c) equals to 0. However, during onsite visit it was found that out of 11 samples selected, 8 samples were not available or could not be contacted for in-person interview due to logistical limitations and network issue. Therefore, to establish the confidence on the monitoring survey conducted for SDG 1, VVB has randomly selected additional 11 samples. Therefore, the total samples selected by VVB for acceptance sampling is 14 samples (3 from initial MS+ 11 additional samples) with AQL of 0.5% and UQL of 20%; producer risk 10% and consumer risk of 5% and the acceptance number (c) thus determined for the sample is 0.

The information provided in the monitoring survey /05/, has been cross checked during the Onsite visit. As a part of acceptance sampling, the Verification team could confirm the monitoring survey data /05/. Thus, PP's set of records has been accepted in line with paragraph 33 of the Standard for Sampling and surveys for CDM Project activities and Programme of Activities Version 9.0 /B08/.

Parameter	Verification approach	Population (for VVB's sample)	VVB's Sample Size
Monitoring surveys	ASP	141	14

The details of the sample interviewed are listed in section C.3 (under the list of interviewed persons). No discrepancy was found in any of the 14 samples and thus c=0, i.e., no discrepant records were observed. Thus, PP's set of records has been accepted in line with paragraph 33 of the sampling standard (version 09.0) /B08/. For the impact parameters, questionnaire was prepared and was used during the survey by the PP. During the on-site interviews, the verification team cross-checked these sample documents, and no discrepancies were found in the impact parameters as well. The sampling technique to draw such samples were found adequate and the sample collectors were found competent to perform such task.

C.5. Clarification requests (CLs), corrective action requests (CARs) and forward action requests (FARs) raised

The VVB has raised 07 clarifications (CLs), 05 corrective action requests (CARs) are raised and closed successfully, and 02 Forward Action Request (FAR) raised during validation are closed successfully.

C.6. Application of Materiality

The project activity is registered as small scale project under project under GS4GG is verified from registered PDD /09/. Further, in-line with the provisions of footnote 21 of paragraph 9.6.2 and 9.6.3 of GS4GG Validation and Verification Standard, version 1.0 /B01-b/, VVB has considered additional guidance and examples of the application of materiality in the verification, refer to the "Guideline: Application of materiality in verifications, version 2.0" of CDM /B10/.

The threshold of materiality was evaluated based on "Guideline: Application of materiality in verifications" (version 02.0) /B10/. It was concluded that the materiality threshold applicable to the project activity based on actual emission reductions achieved is 5% of 11,664 tCO₂e which is equal to 583 tCO₂e because the project activity is registered as small scale and as per paragraph 13 (a) 5% materiality would be applicable to the project activity.

In planning the verification, verification team took cognizance of paragraph 11, 12 and 13 of the "Guideline: Application of materiality in verifications" (version 02.0) /B10/ and a materiality threshold of 583 tCO₂e is determined for the current verification of the project activity.

C.7. Consideration of materiality in planning the verification

	Risk that could lead	Assessmen	t of the potential risk	Assessment of the
No.	to material errors, omissions or misstatements	Risk level	Justification	records/information/interview with personnel to check controls/ mitigation measures
1.	Human Error: Recording and reporting of the information in the ER spreadsheet.	Medium	All the ER spreadsheet data of the pico-solar lights including sales database, determination of parameters for operation percentage including data calculation. This includes all the parameters to be monitored ex-post as per the PDD.	data/calculations was cross-
2.	Information System: Use of spreadsheets without adequate	Medium	The data is recorded in Spreadsheets based on the raw data	The identified risk was mitigated by reviewing the management of access to the records. It was

	controls related to data changes/updates, version tracking, traceability, security		collected during the field visits. Access to the spreadsheets for calculation of ERs, monitoring and sales database and baseline project & baseline, and other test records.	confirmed through interviews whether the raw data is collected by the field personnel and then transmitted and stored electronically to the PD's office. The data quality control to be checked.
3.	Sample	Medium	The sample size is not suitable, or the surveyed plants are not random.	Cross-check the procedure to identify the sample size against the sampling guideline and standard and confirm the sample size is calculated correctly

C.8. Consideration of materiality in conducting the verification

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In line with the Guidelines for Application of materiality in verification, version 2.0 /B10/, a reasonable level of assurance is defined for the verification of the project by complete verification of all the monitoring records was done by the verification team and compared with the values indicated in the emission reduction spreadsheet.

Some inconsistencies were identified and subsequently finding was raised in the form of Clarification Request (CL), Corrective Action Request (CAR) and Forward Action Request (FAR). These findings are detailed in Appendix 4 and (CARs & CLs) are successfully closed and the FAR raised during validation are closed successfully.. Therefore, related identified mistakes as listed in findings in Appendix 4 to this report have been determined to be immaterial. And thus, it is confirmed that there are no material errors, omissions or misstatements and a reasonable level of assurance is established.

SECTION D. Verification findings

D.1. Remaining forward action requests from validation and/or previous verifications

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Forward Action Request #1: The process for collecting and recycling/ safety disposing of spent batteries shall be further developed. This shall be evaluated at the time of first verification.

D.2. Compliance of the project implementation and operation with the registered project design document

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview
Findings	CL 01, CL 03, CL 04, CAR 01, CAR 02 was raised and closed successfully. Please
	refer to Appendix 4 for further information.

Conclusion		t available version of the monitoring report s in compliance with the monitoring report ate guide /B03/.			
	As verified from on-site interview the audit team confirm the project implementation and operation complies with the project design document /09/. The starting date of operation is 27/05/2021 (date of distribution of the first project solar light distributed) which is confirmed from the registered PDD/09/, validation report /08 and evidence for start date /03/. The project boundary in the registered PDD /09/ i in line with the actual project boundary.				
	in line with the registered PDD /09/. This	nd that the implementation and operation is s was also verified from on-site and survey the project implementation and operation ent /09/.			
	users transfer the ownership of carbon validated in the validation report /08/. Not of carbon credit generated /07/ from management structured is verified from Each solar lamp replaces one kerosene The project activity has distributed two current monitoring period i.e SM100 distributed in this MP are 196,628 and to	hissioned by Namene Solar Lights Ltd. End n credit via end user agreement /07/ as amene Solar Lights Ltd. is owning for sale the project activity. The operational and n document review and on-site interview. lamp or paraffin candle in each household. o types of solar light models during the and SM200. The total SM 100 lights otal SM 200 lights distributed in this MP are of 244,901 pico-solar LED lights which 06/2023 ¹ in the provinces of Namibia.			
	Detab	Number of Links			
	Batch	Number of Lights			
	$\frac{1^{\text{st}} (27/05/2021 - 26/05/2022)}{2^{\text{st}} (27/05/2022 - 26/05/2022)}$	40,240			
	$\frac{2^{nd} (27/05/2022 - 26/05/2023)}{2^{nd} (27/05/2022 - 20/06/20222)}$	178,765 25,896			
	3 rd (27/05/2023 – 30/06/2023 ²)				
	Total number of lights	244,901			
	emission and black carbon from burnin kerosene lamps) sources of lighting from	int) the solar LED replaces emitted GHG ng fossil fuel based (paraffin candles and n rural households. The operational status ssed during the monitoring period as per lit in some sample pico-solar lights /12/.			
	ascertain accuracy of information. VVB operational in all samples verified durin unique identification number which has and are correct as per project database. each pico-solar light physically. Along w	nts as explained in section D.4 above to confirms the project pico-solar lights are ng on-site audit, each pico-solar light has been provided in the end user agreement The unique identification is also marked at vith the serial number, the pico-solar lights mmissioning date etc. had also been noted g on-site audit.			
	additionality, no addition of component n removal of project sites, no change of v relevant to determination of emission red CME; no change has been observed or project activity or applicability of baselin version 6.0 /B05/. The operational status	bserved or identified which may impact the for extension of technology, no addition nor values of the actual operational parameter ductions which are within the control of the identified that may impact the scale of the ne and monitoring methodology AMS-III A s of all projects pico-solar lights, impact on 6/2023 has been taken into consideration.			

¹ Since the current MP ends on 30/06/2023, so only lights distributed till 30/06/2023 is considered. ² Since the current MP ends on 30/06/2023, so only lights distributed till 30/06/2023 is included in the database for ER calculations.

During on-site visit it is observed that each solar lamp replaces one kerosene lamp or paraffin candle in each household. Also, during on-site visit it is identified that each lights are marked with GS registration number i.e 7784 and each lights have a unique serial number /03/ so that it is confirmed to the VVB that lights cannot be double counted with another project in GS or any other carbon scheme.

A well setup feedback mechanism is available for each pico-solar lights. PP has maintained grievance logbooks and take feedback from end user user during the monitoring period. This has been verified with the grievance log- book /14/. A final stakeholder consultation was conducted on 12/07/2019. PP has submitted SCR /14/ and it was verified by the VVB and confirms that there is no legal contests or disputes to any aspect of the project through the available ongoing grievance input mechanisms or any other direct means.

PD has provided additional avenues to the beneficiaries beyond the GS4GG requirements i.e. accessibility to hotline numbers and text channel so that any grievances received can be resolved in a more efficient manner. The hotline number is +264 81 380 5062 which is an active number and available to all beneficiaries. Hence VVB has confirmed that no grievance was raised by household during this monitoring period either from grievance books or through the hotline channel.

VVB has cross checked the test report accredited lab for each LED implemented in the project activity for their life report and lumen output /11/ which confirms the lifetime and lumen output for the project activity. PP has submitted the quality standard of Pico-PV, version 8.0, December 2018 /17/ and confirms that the project lamps based on IEC/TS 62257-9-5 and IEC 60529 shall meet the applicable Lighting Global Minimum Quality Standards as per paragraph 19 of the applied methodology AMS-III-AR, version 6.0 /B05/. The same has been confirmed and verified by the VVB. PP has submitted the distribution agreement signed between Namene Solar Lights Limited and Development Workshop Namibia Trust, dated on 20/04/2022 /18/ to confirm the distribution partner of the project activity.

Verification team has checked the information in the monitoring report /01/ and compared it against the registered PDD /09/ and found to be consistent.

Verification team confirms that:

a) The project activity is implemented as per registered PDD/09/.

b) The actual operation of the proposed project activity is in line with the registered/revised PDD /09/.

c) It has reviewed the registered PDD /09/ including the monitoring plan, the applied monitoring methodology and found that the final MR /01/ for this monitoring period is in line with all the above-mentioned documents.

Verification team of CCIPL based on review of records and on-site interviews confirms that a robust and effective grievance addressal mechanism is in place and however, no grievances were reported during the monitoring period.

In summary, the monitoring period is reasonable, and the operation of the project activity is in accordance with the registered PDD /09/.

D.3. Post-registration changes

D.3.1. Temporary deviations from the registered monitoring plan, applied methodologies, standardized baselines or other methodological regulatory documents³

>> Not applicable

D.3.2. Corrections

>> Not applicable

D.3.3. Changes to the start date of the crediting period

>> Not applicable

D.3.4. Inclusion of a monitoring plan

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Not applicable

D.3.5. Permanent changes from registered monitoring plan, or permanent deviation of monitoring from the applied methodologies, standardized baselines or other methodological regulatory documents

>> Not applicable

D.3.6. Changes to the project design

>> Not applicable

D.3.7. Changes specific to afforestation and reforestation project activities

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Not applicable

D.4. Compliance of the registered monitoring plan with applied methodologies, applied standardized baselines, and other applied methodological regulatory documents

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview
Findings	No findings are raised.
Conclusion	The verification team has checked the actual monitoring plan against the registered monitoring plan and monitoring methodology /B05/. Furthermore, the verification team has checked monitoring system by means of comparison with the information given in the monitoring plan and monitoring methodology. The monitoring plan is completely in accordance with the approved methodology /B05/ applied by the registered PDD/09/.

D.5. Compliance of monitoring activities with the registered monitoring plan

D.5.1. Data and parameters fixed ex ante or at renewal of crediting period

Means of verification Document Review, Interview

³ Other standards, methodologies, methodological tools and guidelines (to be) applied in accordance with the applied(selected) methodologies are collectively referred to as the other (applied) methodological regulatory documents).

Findings	No findings are raised.
Conclusion	Verification team confirms that the data and parameters fixed ex ante are in compliance with the registered PDD /09/ and monitoring plan. Please refer to the
	Annex 1. The verification took cognizance of para. 17.2 of GS4GG Validation and Verification Standard, version 1.0 /B01-b/.

D.5.2. Data and parameters monitored

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview
Findings	CAR 03 was raised and closed successfully. Please refer to Appendix 4 for further
	information.
Conclusion	The verification team confirms that the data and parameters monitored are in
	compliance with the registered PDD /09/ and the monitoring plan.
	It is confirmed that the verification team assessed the data / information flow from the point of monitoring to emission reduction calculation and found no gap in the same. Please refer to the Annex 2. The verification took cognizance of para. 17.2 of GS4GG Validation and Verification Standard, version 1.0 /B01-b/.

D.5.3. Implementation of sampling plan

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview
Findings	CL 06 was raised and closed successfully. Please refer to Appendix 4 for further
	information.
Conclusion	According to the Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programmes of activities /B08/ and related guidelines /B07/ the sampling plan was determined at the time of project registration and applied during the monitoring period. Sampling method: Simple random sampling method is adopted as the population of light is homogeneous in nature. The sample size is determined by the requirement to achieve 90/10 precision. In accordance with this PD has randomly selected 141 samples from the project database. Sampling approaches may follow the Guideline "Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programme of activities" /B07/ for calculation of sample size. Data to be collected: Annual Expenditure on lighting per household in the project scenario i.e SDG 1 of the project activity to determine the value of the parameter $Ex_{h,p,s}$. Implementation plan: Once during the crediting period. Actual implementation: - Sampling method: Acceptance sampling method has been adopted by the VVB during the onsite verification audit. The sample size included all end user and was randomly sampled from a list in the project. The sampling frame is homogenous within itself, with respect to service level, established ex-ante baseline and user characteristics. The total sample size has been derived using equation para 12 of appendix 1, EB 86 Annex 4, Guidelines for Sampling and Surveys for CDM Project activities and Programme of Activities Ver. 4.0. /B07/. Initially, VVB has selected sample size of 11, based on an AQL of 0.5% and UQL of 20%; producer risk 10% and consumer risk of 10% each with Acceptance number (c) equals to 0. However, during onsite visit it was found that out of 11 samples selected, 8 samples were not available or could not be contacted for in-person interview due to logistical limitations and network issue. Therefore, to establish the confidence on the monitoring survey conducted for SDG 1, VVB has randomly selected additional 11 samples. Therefore, the total samples selected by VVB for acceptance sa
	characteristics. The total sample size has been derived using equation para 12 o appendix 1, EB 86 Annex 4, Guidelines for Sampling and Surveys for CDM Project activities and Programme of Activities Ver. 4.0. /B07/. Initially, VVB has selected sample size of 11, based on an AQL of 0.5% and UQL of 20%; produce risk 10% and consumer risk of 10% each with Acceptance number (c) equals to 0. However, during onsite visit it was found that out of 11 samples selected, 8 samples were not available or could not be contacted for in-person interview due to logistical limitations and network issue. Therefore, to establish the confidence on the monitoring survey conducted for SDG 1, VVB has randomly selected additional 11 samples. Therefore, the total samples selected by VVB for
	with AQL of 0.5% and UQL of 20%; producer risk 10% and consumer risk of 5% and the acceptance number (c) thus determined for the sample is 0. The

D.6. Compliance with the calibration frequency requirements for measuring instruments

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview
Findings	NA
Conclusion	N/A since there is no monitoring equipment which require calibration as per the
	monitoring plan. The equipment's used for the monitoring consists of reviewing the

D.7. Assessment of data and calculation of emission reductions or net removals

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview					
Findings	No findings are ra	aised.				
Conclusion	As per the PDD /09/ and the applied methodology /B05/, baseline emission is calculated as below:					
	Baseline emissio	ns are calculated per equation (3):				
	$BEy = DV \times GFy$	\times DBy Equation (3)				
	Where: $BEv = Ba$	seline emissions per project lamp in	vear v (t CO₂e)			
	GFy = Grid Facto		J J (*)			
		Baseline Factor (change in baseline crediting period) in year y.	e fuel, fuel use rate, and/or			
		y provides for a default annual base le following assumptions are made a				
	$DV = FUR \times O \times U$	$U \times EF \div 1000 \times LF \times n \times NTG$ Equati	on (2)			
	Where:					
	DV = Lamp Emiss	sion Factor (default is 0.092 t CO2e p	per project lamp)			
		ate (0.03 liters/hour)				
	0 = Utilization rate					
		ition (365 days/year)				
		ons factor (2.4 kgCO ₂ /liter)				
	LF = Leakage factor (1.0)					
	n = Number of fuel-based lamps replaced per project lamp (1.0) NTG = Net-to-gross adjustment factor (1.0)					
	Parameter Registered PDD Value					
	DV	0.092tCO ₂				
	FUR	0.03 litres/hour				
	0	3.5 hours/day				
	U	365 days/year				
	EF 2.4kgCO ₂ /litre					
	n NTO	1.0	4			
	NTG 1.0					
	GFy	1.0	4			
	DBy	1.0				

D.7.1. Calculation of baseline GHG emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks

D.7.2. Calculation of project GHG emissions or actual net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview				
Findings	CL 07 was raised and closed successfully. Please refer to Appendix 4 for further				
	information.				
Conclusion	Project emissions are already discussed in above section E.7.1.				
	VVB confirms that project emissions have been appropriately calculated and are consistent with on-site assessment /12/, the applied methodology /B05/ and registered PDD /09/.				

D.7.3. Calculation of leakage GHG emissions

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview
Findings	No findings are raised.

Conclusion	The Net to Gross Leakage Adjustment Factor has been included in the emission reduction calculations applying adjustment factor 1.0 as per paragraph 26 of the applied methodology is considered of DV value or lamp emission factor which is fixed ex-ante in methodology. Hence the leakage considered is 0.
	VVB confirms that leakage emissions are accounted corrected in the estimation of emission reduction as per the applied methodology /B05/.

D.7.4. Summary calculation of GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview					
Findings	CL 02, CL 05, CL 07 was raised and closed successfully. Please refer to Appendix					
	4 for further information.					
Conclusion	The emission reductions in this monitoring period are:					
	$ER_{y} = BE_{y} - PE_{y} - LE_{y}$					
	Where,					
	ER _y is the total emission reductions of the project activity during the year y in tCO ₂ e;					
	BE_y is the baseline emissions for the project activity during the year y in tCO ₂ e; PE_y is the emissions for the project activity during the year y in tCO ₂ e; LE_y is the leakage emissions for the project activity during the year y in tCO ₂ e.					
	As explained in section E.7.1 above, the resulted Baseline emissions (BE _y) for the monitoring period is 11,664 tCO ₂ . Similarly, as explained in section E.7.2 and section E.7.3 project emission is zero for the monitoring period and leakage emissions is zero for the monitoring period.					
	Therefore, resulted emission reduction for the monitoring period is $11,664$ tCO ₂ e.					
	The data presented in the monitoring report /01/ and emission reduction worksheet /02/ were assessed by reviewing in detail project documentation, collection of monitored data, observation of established monitoring and reporting practices and assessment of the reliability of monitoring equipment. Sufficient evidence were presented and verified by VVB for the reported emission reductions as listed above.					

D.7.5. Comparison of actual GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks with estimates in registered PDD

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview						
Findings	No findings are raised.						
Conclusion	The ex-ante estimates value of the emission reductions for the monitoring period as per the registered PDD /09/ is 44,854 tCO ₂ e and the actual emission reductions achieved for the monitoring period is 11,664 tCO ₂ e.						
	SDGValues estimated in ex ante calculation of approved PDDActual values achieved during this monitoring period						
	13	44,854 tCO ₂ e	11,664 tCO ₂ e				
	7	950,937 number of people 768,994 number of people					
	1	\$ 24,494,433 saved \$ 19,758,531 saved					
	The emission reduction calculations provided in the spreadsheet /02/ have been verified to be correct and in line with the registered PDD/09/.						

D.7.6. Remarks on difference from estimated value in registered PDD

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview				
Findings	lo findings are raised.				
Conclusion	The ex-ante estimates value of the emission reductions for the monitoring period as per the PDD /09/ is 44,854 tCO ₂ e and the actual emission reductions achieved for the monitoring period is 11,664 tCO ₂ e. For SDG 13, since actual emission reduction is lower than the estimated value and so no analysis has been done, this is acceptable to the verification team.				
	 For other SDG parameters, assessment is provided below: SDG 1: The actual value does not exceed the estimated value, which is deemed appropriate and thus acceptable to the VVB. SDG 7: The actual value does not exceed the estimated value, which is deemed appropriate and thus acceptable to the VVB. 				

D.7.7. Assessment of reported sustainable development co-benefits

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview							
Findings	CAR 04 was raised and closed successfully. Please refer to Appendix 4 for further							
	information.							
Conclusion	The verification team verified that whether the Sustainable development co- benefits are reported in MR /01/. Further, it is also confirmed that Project Developer has monitored the sustainable development co-benefits.							
	SDG							
		Impact	estimate	estimate	Benefit			
	13	GHG emission reductions (tCO ₂ e)	11,664	0	11,664	VVB has reviewed the ER sheet /02/ monitoring survey /05/, database /03/ and SDG contribution calculation /13/. The same has been verified during on-site audit /12/ and found the value is appropriate.		
	7	Population accessing clean lights	0	768,994	768,994	VVB has reviewed the ER sheet /02/ monitoring survey /05/, database /03/ and SDG contribution calculation /13/. The same has been verified during on-site audit /12/ and found the value is appropriate.		
	1	Savings in lighting expenditur e (\$USD)	25,992,24 9	6,233,717	19,758,531	VVB has reviewed the ER sheet /02/ monitoring survey /05/, database /03/, SDG contribution calculation /13/ and evidence of price of light /20/.The price of		

SECTION E. Internal quality control

>>

The verification report passed a technical review before being submitted to the Gold Standard. The technical review is performed by a technical reviewer qualified in accordance with CCIPL's qualification scheme for GS validation and verification.

SECTION F. Verification/Certification opinion

>>

Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd. (CCIPL) has performed the 1st periodic verification of the registered GS Project Activity "Namene Solar Light Company: Replacing Kerosene lights and paraffins candles by solar light in Namibia" having GS reference number GS 7784.

The verification team assigned by the VVB concludes that the project activity as described in the PDD /09/ and the Monitoring report /01/, meets all relevant requirements of the Gold Standard/ UNFCCC. The verification has been conducted in-line with the GS4GG requirements project activities /B01/.

Verification methodology and process

The Verification team confirms the contractual relationship signed /10/ signed on 21/06/2023 between the VVB, Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd. and the Project developer. The team assigned to the verification meets the CCIPL's internal procedures including the UNFCCC/GS requirements for the team composition and competence. The verification team has conducted a thorough contract review as per UNFCCC/GS4GG and CCIPL's procedures and requirements.

The verification has been performed as per the requirements described in the GS4GG and constitutes the review and completion of the following steps:

- Reviewing the PDD /09/, including the monitoring plan and the corresponding validation report /08/;
- Desk review of the MR /01/ and other relevant documents including documents related to the project activities;
- Review of the applied monitoring methodology (AMS-III A.R, version 6.0) /B05/;
- On-site inspection (16/10/2023- and 17/10/2023)
- Resolution of CARs and CLs raised during verification;
- Resolution of FARs raised during previous validation

- Issuance of Verification Report

The project activity was correctly implemented according to selected monitoring methodology /B05/, monitoring plan and the registered PDD /09/. Through the document review, the verification team confirms that the project activity has resulted in the 11,664 tCO₂e emission reductions during the reported monitoring period /01/.

This statement covers verification period from 01/01/2022-30/06/2023 (including both the dates).

The VVB has raised 07 clarifications and 05 corrective action requests, all of which are raised and closed successfully and 02 Forward Action Request raised during validation are successfully closed.

The VVB considers necessary to give reasonable assurance that reported GHG emission reductions were calculated correctly on the basis of the approved baseline and monitoring methodology and the monitoring plan contained in the registered PDD /09/ are fairly stated.

The VVB, hereby certifies that the project activity, achieved emission reductions by sources of GHG equal to 11,664 tCO₂e equivalent and all monitoring requirements have been fulfilled and is substantiated by an audit trail that contains evidence and records.

Vintage	VERs (tCO ₂)	
01/01/2022 - 31/12/2022	4928 tCO ₂ e	
01/01/2023- 30/06/2023	6736 tCO ₂ e	
Total for the monitoring period	11,664 tCO₂e	

Appendix 1. Abbreviations

Abbreviations	Full texts
BE	Baseline Emissions
CAR	Corrective Action Request
CAR	Corrective Action Request
CCIPL	Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd.
CDM	Clean Development Mechanism
CL	Clarification Request
CO ₂	Carbon Dioxide
CO _{2e}	Carbon Dioxide Equivalent
DR	Desk Review
DVR	Draft Verification Report
EB	CDM Executive Board
EF	Emission Factor
ER	Emission Reduction
FA	Final Approval
FAR	Forward Action Request
FVR	Final Validation Report
GHG	Greenhouse gas(es)
GSF	Gold Standard Foundation
GS4GG	Gold Standard for Global Goals
IPCC	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
IR	Internal Resource
LE	Leakage Emissions
MP	Monitoring Period
MR	Monitoring Report
MWh	Mega Watt Hour
OSV	On Site Visit
PD	Project Developer
PDD	Project Design Document
PE	Project Emissions
PP(s)	Project Participant(s)
PRC	Post registration change
QC/QA	Quality Control/ Quality Assurance
ТА	Technical Area
TR	Technical Review
UNFCCC	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
VER	Verified Emission Reduction
VVB	Validation & verification body
VVS	Validation and Verification Standard

Appendix 2. Competence of team members and technical reviewers

		С Н Е С	к—		
Cai	rbon Che	ck (India	ı) Private	Limited	
	Certifica	ate of Con	npetency		
	Mr. Rish	ni K Raych	oudhury		
has been qualified as per CCIF ISO/IEC14	and the second	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	accordance with the r other applicable GHG		
	for the follo	wing functions and i	requirements:		
🛛 Validator	⊠ Verifier	🛛 Team	Leader 🖂 -	Technical Expert	
Technical Reviewer	🗆 Health Expert	🗌 Gend	er Expert 🛛 🗌	Plastic Waste Expert	
CCB Expert	🗆 Legal Expert	🛛 Finan	accesses a constraint of the second	Environmental, Health and	
⊠ SDG+	🛛 Social no-harn	n(S+) ⊠ Envir no-harm	onment	Safety financial matters	
🛛 Local Expert for India			·(-·)		
	in the	following Technical	Areas:		
🗆 TA 1.1	🛛 TA 1.2	🗆 TA 2.1	🛛 TA 3.1	🗆 TA 4.1	
🗌 TA 4. n	🗆 TA 5.1	🗆 TA 5.2	🗆 TA 7.1	🗆 TA 8.1	
🗆 TA 9.1	🗆 TA 9.2	🗆 TA 10.1	🗆 TA 13.1	🗆 TA 13.2	
🗆 TA 14.1	🗆 TA 15.1	🗆 TA 16.1			
Issue D	ate		Ехр	iry Date	
5 th Decemb	er 2023		31 st Dec	ember 2024	
Buya Si	ണവന		Sough	, Aurille	
	riya Suman ance Officer	_		jay Kumar Agarwalla chnical Director	
	Revisio	on History of the do	cument:		
Revision dat	e	S	ummary of changes		
2022 Jan 2023			Initial Adoption Annual revision		
Dec 2023		Change in the temp	plate due to revision in	TA and function	



Carbon Check (India) Private Limited

Certificate of Competency

Ms. Josephine Tukaleni Amutenya

has been qualified as per CCIPL's internal qualification procedures in accordance with the requirements of CDM AS (V7.0), ISO/IEC14065:2020, ISO/IEC 17029:2019 and other applicable GHG programs:

🗌 Validator	Verifier	🗌 Team	Leader 🗌 T	echnical Expert	
Technical Reviewer	🗆 Health Expert	: 🗌 Gende	er Expert 🛛 🗆 P	lastic Waste Expert	
CCB Expert	🗆 Legal Expert	🗆 Finan	erene en	nvironmental, Health and	
SDG+	🗆 Social no-harı	m(S+) 🗆 Enviro no-harm	onment	Safety financial matters	
🛛 Local Expert for Nam	ibia	no num	()		
	in the	e following Technical	Areas:		
🗆 TA 1.1	🗆 TA 1.2	🗆 TA 2.1	🗆 TA 3.1	🗆 TA 4.1	
🗆 TA 4. n	🗆 TA 5.1	🗆 TA 5.2	🗆 TA 7.1	🗆 TA 8.1	
🗆 TA 9.1	🗆 TA 9.2	🗆 TA 10.1	🗆 TA 13.1	🗆 TA 13.2	
□ TA 14.1	□ TA 15.1	□ TA 16.1			
Issue D	Date		Expi	y Date	
1 st Decemi	per 2023		31 st Dece	mber 2024	
Biya S	ന്നസ്		Sangers	Annulla	
	riya Suman	—		ay Kumar Agarwalla	
Compl	iance Officer		Tec	hnical Director	
	7	on History of the doc			
Revision dat	e	S	ummary of changes		
Oct 2023		Tomplato char	Initial Adoption	nations and TA	
Dec 2023		remplate changes t	o include additional fu	nctions and TA	

CCIPL_FM 7.9 Certificate of Competency_V4.0_112023

 $^{1}\,\mathrm{Please}$ refer to previous version of FM 7.9 for the revision history



Carbon Check (India) Private Limited

Certificate of Competency

Ms. Indumathi C

has been qualified as per CCIPL's internal qualification procedures in accordance with the requirements of CDM AS (V7.0), ISO/IEC14065:2020, ISO/IEC 17029:2019 and other applicable GHG programs:

_	_	_		echnical Expert	
Technical Reviewer	Health Expert	🗆 Gende	er Expert 🛛 🖾 P	lastic Waste Expert	
CCB Expert	Legal Expert	🛛 Financ		nvironmental, Health ty financial matters	
SDG+	🛛 Social no-harr	n(S+) ⊠ Enviro no-harm(
Local Expert for Inc	ia and Sri Lanka				
	in the	e following Technical A	Areas:		
🛛 TA 1.1	🖾 TA 1.2	🗆 TA 2.1	🖾 TA 3.1	🗆 TA 4.1	
🗆 TA 4. n	🗆 TA 5.1	🗆 TA 5.2	🗆 TA 7.1	🗆 TA 8.1	
🗆 TA 9.1	🗆 TA 9.2	🗆 TA 10.1	🖾 TA 13.1	🖾 TA 13.2	
🗆 TA 14.1	🗆 TA 15.1	🗆 TA 16.1			
Issue	Date		Expi	ry Date	
5 th Decer	nber 2023		31 st December 2024		
Baya	Buya Suman		Sangers	Ajervalla	
	Priya Suman pliance Officer	_		ay Kumar Agarwalla hnical Director	
	Revisi	on History of the doc	ument:		
Revision c	ate	Su	Summary of changes		
2022 ¹ Jan 202	2		Annual revision Annual revision		
Dec 202		Change in the templ	ate due to revision in 1	A and function	

for the following functions and requirements:

Appendix 3. Documents reviewed or referenced

No.	Author	Title	References to the document	Provided by
01	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	a) Initial Monitoring report for the project activity.	Version 01 dated- 15/09/2023.	PD
		 b) Revised Monitoring report for the project activity. 	Version 01.1 dated- 28/11/2023.	
		 c) Revised Monitoring report for the project activity. 	Version 01.2 dated- 03/04/2024.	
		 d) Revised Monitoring report for the project activity. 	Version 01.3 dated- 15/04/2024.	
		 e) Revised Monitoring report for the project activity. 	Version 01.4 dated- 30/04/2024.	
		 f) Final Monitoring report for the project activity. 	Version 01.5 dated- 09/05/2024.	
02	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	a) Initial ER calculation spreadsheet for the project activity.	Version 01 dated- 15/09/2023.	PD
		 b) Revised ER calculation spreadsheet for the project activity 	Version 01.1 dated- 04/12/2023.	
		c) Revised ER calculation spreadsheet for the project activity	Version 01.2 dated- 02/04/2024.	
		d) Revised ER calculation spreadsheet for the project activity	Version 01.3 dated- 15/04/2024.	
		e) Revised ER calculation spreadsheet for the project activity	Version 01.4 dated- 30/04/2024.	
		f) Final ER calculation spreadsheet for the project activity	Version 01.5 dated- 09/05/2024.	
03	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	Solar Lights Database/Evidence for Unique Identification	27/05/2021	PD
04	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	Technical Specification	SM 100 SM 200	PD
05	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	Monitoring Survey Records	August 2023	PD
06	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	Waste Management	2023	PD

07	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	Proof of Carbon credit waiver	27/05/2021	PD
08	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	Validation Report	Version 2.1, dated 28/10/2020	PD
09	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	Registered PDD	Version 1.5, dated 19/11/2020 Version 1.6, dated 03/05/2024	PD
10	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	Contract (CCIPL & PD)	21/06/2023	CCIPL
11	VersSol	Product Certificate (Third Party)	2021	PD
12	CCIPL	On-site Audit Records	16/10/2023 and 17/10/2023	CCIPL
13	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	SDG Contribution	05/07/2022	PD
14	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	Stakeholder Consultation Report and Grievance records	2019 2023	PD
15	Namibia Statistics Agency	Namibia Inter-censal Demographic Survey	2016 report	PD
16	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	Preliminary Review Document	2020	PD
17	Lighting Global	Pico-PV Quality Standards	Version 8.0, December 2018	PD
18	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	Distribution Agreement-Solar Light	20/04/2022	PD
19	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	Evidence of QA/ QC	2023	PD
20	Namene Solar Lights Ltd.	Proof of price of light	2021, 2022, 2023	PD

Background Documents

No.	Author	Title	References to the document	Provided by
/B01/	GS4GG	 a) GS4GG "Principles & Requirements", version 1.2 b) GS4GG "Validation and Verification standard", version 1.0 	www.goldstandard.org	Publicly Available
/B02/	GS4GG	Gold Standard and Site visit and remote audit requirements & procedures v2.0	www.goldstandard.org	Publicly Available
/B03/	GS4GG	GS Monitoring Template v1.1	www.goldstandard.org	Publicly Available
/B04/	GS4GG	GS Community Activity Requirements v1.2	www.goldstandard.org	Publicly Available
/B05/	UNFCCC	AMS-III AR: Substituting fossil fuel-based lighting with LED/CFL lighting systems (version 6.0)	http://cdm.unfccc.int/	Publicly Available
/B06/	Web sites	Websites: http://cdm.unfccc.int/ http://www.ipcc-nggip.iges.or.jp/		Publicly Available

		http://www.pciaonline.org/testing http://circodu.org.ug/		
/B07/	UNFCCC	Guidelines: Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programmes	http://cdm.unfccc.int/	Publicly Available
		of activities (version 04.0)		/ Wallable
(D00/		,		Deskillarka
/B08/	UNFCCC	Standard: Standard for sampling and	http://cdm.unfccc.int/	Publicly
		surveys for CDM project activities and		Available
		Programme of Activities (version 09.0)		
/B09/	GS4GG	Renewable Energy Activity	www.goldstandard.org	Publicly
		Requirements. V1.4		Available
/B10/	UNFCCC	Guideline: Application of materiality in	http://cdm.unfccc.int/	Publicly
		verifications, Version 02.0		Available

Appendix 4. Clarification requests, corrective action requests and forward action requests

Table 1.FARs from this verification

FAR ID	XX	Section no.	Design Certification	Date:
Descript	tion of FAR			
NA				
PD resp	onse			Date:
Docume	entation provided	by the PD		
VVB ass	sessment			Date:

Table 2.CARs from this verification

ponse	of the MR, the o	crediting period	l is not in line with th	e registered PDD.
501130		57		Date: 04/12/2023
				/12/2021 to 01/01/2022 and as per e screenshot below-
	-	make the follo		crediting period: the project the start date of the registered
	that indicate shall not be	ed in the regist earlier than tv	ered PDD, taking in	te up to one year earlier than nto account that the start date e of registration and/or start
	Design Cert approval for	ification, a cert	tified project activit summarised in the	is after the date of Project y is not required to request table below, but shall instead
Table: 1				
	from registered g period start dat	Project e location	Requirements ⁶	
Up to or	ne year	All locations	No Justification an	d/or approval is required

⁴ However, as per the revised PDD submitted by PD (version 1.6, dated 03/05/2024) to VVB, PD has revised the start date of crediting period to 01/01/2022.

CAR ID	02	Section no.	D.2	Date: 29/09/2023
Description	of CAR			
	delete the blank page			
	use subscript wherev	er necessary thr	oughout the docum	
PD response	9			Date: 04/12/2023
(1) Blank	pages are now remov	ved from section	A.4 and section B.2	2.5 of the MR.
	ripts are now used wi	herever necessa	ry.	
Documentation provided by PD				
VVB assess	ment			Date: 05/12/2023
1. PD ha	s removed al the blar	nk pages from the	e revised MR.	

2. PD has used subscripts wherever necessary throughout the document.

Hence the CAR is closed.

CAR ID	03	Section no.	D.5.2	Date: 29/09/2023		
Description of CAR						
In the section	D.2 of the MR:					
		ate table for the data e monitoring parame				
PD respons	ie in the second se			Date: 04/12/2023		
but the MP i.		d as zero since there 0/06/2023.		sed health risks is now included in the MR ID related trainings carried out in the current		
VVB assess	sment			Date: 05/12/2023		
In the section	D.2 of the revised	I MR,				
1. PD has incorporated the data/parameter $EX_{h,p,\$}$ as separate table.						
2. PD h						
Hence the CA	AR is closed.					

CAR ID	04	Section no. D.7.7	Date: 29/09/2023
Descriptio	n of CAR	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
PD to prov	vide the baselii	ne expenditure calculation of SD	G 1 in the section E.1 of the MR.
PD respon	ise		Date: 04/12/2023
cross-cheo validation	cked during th is submitted for nd the same v	e validation of the project. The s or your perusal. The value of b	line expenditure. It is a surveyed value which was SDG1 tab in the ER sheet submitted at the time o aseline expenditure reported in Namibian dollars is D which is a value reported in the MR. Please see
	ation provide	d by PD	
	bmitted during		
VVB asses			Date: 05/12/2023
			dation of project, PD has submitted the ER shee xpenditure. Hence the CAR is closed.
CAR ID	05	Section no. D.7	Date: 29/09/2023
Descriptio	n of CAR		
n the sectio	n E.2 of the M	R:	
	has mentione hodology.	d there is emission in the proje	ect scenario in SDG 13 which is not in line with the

2. PD to provide the value of project expenditure for SDG 1. PD response

Date: 04/12/2023

- 1. It was a typographical error. The statement is corrected now.
- 2. The value of project expenditure was already stated in section E.2 of the MR.

"The project expenditure per year per household on lighting was recorded during the project survey carried out in July/Aug 2023 and it was observed to be 25.05 USD or 468.52 (\$N)."

During the SDG survey carried out in August this year, the users were asked their weekly expenditure on lighting which was found to be 9.01 \$N (average) as reported in the SDG survey sheet. This translated to an annual value of 25.05 USD or 468.52 (\$N)."

Documentation provided by PD

VVB assessment

Date: 05/12/2023

In the section E.2 of the revised MR,

- 1. PD has revised the project scenario in SDG 13 inline to the methodology.
- PD has submitted the survey records for the SDG 1 and VVB has cross checked and found the weekly expenditure on lighting was 9.01 \$N (average) and has mentioned the value per year in the MR.
 Hence the CAR is closed.

Table 3. CL from this verification

CL ID	01	Section no.	D.2	Date: 29/09/2023			
	iption of CL						
	ubmit the following documents						
1.	Evidence for start date of project activity.						
2.	Registered PDD						
З.	Training records (if any)						
4.	Ownership details						
5.	Warranty card						
6.	Project database/ Sales reco.	rds					
7.	Faulty rights records						
8.	E-waste Management policy						
9.	Records of hazardous and non-hazardous waste						
10.	Grievance register & End user agreement.						
11.	Monitoring survey records						
12.	Baseline survey records						
13.	Employment records (if any)						
14.	Technical specification						
15.	Stakeholder meeting report						
16.	GS preliminary review docum	ent for design	certification				
17.	Test report from accredited la lumen output.	ab for each LE	D batch implemented in the P	A for their life test report and			
18.	Quality standard document of LEDs as per applicable methodology para 19						
19.	Contract between PD and dis	tribution partn	ers				
PD res	sponse			Date: 04/12/2023			
	documents applicable to the P nentation provided by PD	D are submitte	ed now.				
		iect activity – S	Sales form is submitted titled –				

	Evidenceofstartdate_Salesform i.e. 27/05/2021					
2.	Registered PDD –					
Ζ.						
	AJ_GS7784_PDD_FINALv_18072022					
	Training records (if any) N/A					
	Ownership details ceofstartdate_Salesform includes carbon waiver info plus user signature.					
5.	Warranty card					
	Included in page 23 of registered PDD.					
6.	Project database/ Sales records					
	Included in the ER sheet.					
7.	Faulty rights records					
	Included in the ER sheet. In the tab Eradjustment_Faultylights					
8.	E-waste Management policy					
	Not applicable. The statement has been removed from the MR now.					
	Records of hazardous and non-hazardous waste e disposal record submitted.					
End us MP and	. Grievance register & End user agreement. er agreement and end user signature submitted as sales form. No grievances were received during the d a sample blank grievance book is submitted. nces – Oshikoto					
Monitor now.	Monitoring survey records ring was carried out only to record info with respect to SDG 1. Since OF survey is not applicable for us MonitoringSurvey_August2023					
lts	. Baseline survey records included in the ER sheet submitted during validation. File titled S7784_ERSHEET_FINALv_05072022"					
13.	Employment records (if any)					
Not app	plicable.					
14.	Technical specification					
Submit	ted. Namene_SM100Datasheet and Namene_SM200Datasheet					
15.	Stakeholder meeting report					
AJ_GS	7784_SCR_FINALv_08072022					
16.	GS preliminary review document for design certification					

Preliminary_Review_GS7784_FINAL_30032020	
SC_GS7784_DESIGNREVIEW_FINALv_28102020	
17. Test report from accredited lab for each LED batch lumen output.	n implemented in the PA for their life test report and
VSCertificate_yl-sm100-v4.0-231101	
VSCertificate_yl-sm200-231101	
18. Quality standard document of LEDs as per applical	ble methodology para 19
Pico_MQS_v8_0 19. Contract between PD and distribution partners 20. NSL_Distribution_Agreement_DW_Namibia_GS77	
VVB assessment	Date: 05/12/2023
1. It is confirmed the start date of the project activity is	s 27/05/2021 from the sales form submitted by PD.
 PD as submitted the registered PDD. Training records are not applicable for the project a 	ctivity
 PD has provided the ownership details for the project a 	
5. Warranty card ahs been submitted by PD.	
6. PD has submitted the ER sheet which includes the7. PD has submitted the ER sheet which contains the	
adjustment faulty lights.8. PD has made necessary changes in the revised MI	5
 9. PD has submitted the disposal certificate to the ver 	
10. PD has submitted the sales form for end user agree	
been submitted by the PD.	,
11. PD has submitted the SDG 1 monitoring survey.	
12. PD has submitted the baseline survey records.	ot a otivity
13. Employment records is not applicable for this proje14. PD has submitted the technical specification for SM	
15. PD has submitted stakeholder meeting report to the	
16. PD has submitted GS preliminary review document	
17. PD has submitted the test report.	
18. PD has submitted the quality standard document o	
19. PD has submitted the distribution agreement as a e	evidence for contract between PD and distribution
partners.	
Hence the CL is closed.	
CL ID 02 Section no. D.7.4	Date: 29/09/2023
Description of CL	
In the ER sheet:	
1 DD is requested to submit the suideness for the s	verses inhobitante considered in the project estivity
1. PD is requested to submit the evidence for the a (SDG 7).	verage innabilarits considered in the project activity
2. PD shall submit the survey record conducted for th	e SDG 1.
PD response	Date: 04/12/2023
(1) The evidence for average inhabitants is the survey	conducted by Namibian Statistics Agency and the
evidence is submitted along with this response. Average in	habitants per household is 3.9.
(2) The evidence for the SDG survey is also submitted as e Documentation provided by PD	
(2) The evidence for the SDG survey is also submitted as e	
 (2) The evidence for the SDG survey is also submitted as e Documentation provided by PD (1) Namibia Inter-censal Demographic Survey (2) SDG1MonitoringSurvey_August2023 	evidence.
 (2) The evidence for the SDG survey is also submitted as e Documentation provided by PD (1) Namibia Inter-censal Demographic Survey (2) SDG1MonitoringSurvey_August2023 VVB assessment 	
 (2) The evidence for the SDG survey is also submitted as e Documentation provided by PD (1) Namibia Inter-censal Demographic Survey (2) SDG1MonitoringSurvey_August2023 VVB assessment In the ER sheet: 	Date: 05/12/2023
 (2) The evidence for the SDG survey is also submitted as e Documentation provided by PD (1) Namibia Inter-censal Demographic Survey (2) SDG1MonitoringSurvey_August2023 VVB assessment 	Date: 05/12/2023 abitants survey conducted by the Nambian Statistics

2. PD has submitted the survey record conducted for the SDG 1 and the same is verified by the VVB. Hence the CL is closed.

Hence the CL is closed.		
CL ID 03	Section no. D.2	Date: 29/09/2023
Description of CL		Dutc. 20/00/2020
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	D to clarify how the distribution of 202	24 is considered as the current monitoring
period ends in 30/06/2023.	-	
PD response		Date: 04/12/2023
		2023 - 30/06/2024. A footnote has been
added now in the MR which state	s the following "	
Since the current MP ends on 30	1/06/2023 so only lights distributed t	ill 30/06/2023 is included in the database
for ER calculations.		
Documentation provided by P	D	
VVB assessment		Date: 05/12/2023
		since the current MP ends on 30/06/2023,
database submitted by the PD. H		on and the same is confirmed from the
ualabase submitted by the PD. IT	ence the CE is closed.	
CL ID 04	Section no. D.2	Date: 29/09/2023
Description of CL		
	D to provide the relationship contra	act between Waste disposal company in
Namibia.		
PD response		Date: 04/12/2023
Documentation provided by P		evidence of e-waste disposal is submitted.
NamiGreen-Certificate	0	
VVB assessment		Date: 05/12/2023
PD has submitted a certificate	of disposal dated on 20 July 2023	3 stating that the e-waste generated by
	e policies. Hence the CL is closed.	ç ç ;
CL ID05Description of CL	Section no. D.7.3	Date: 29/09/2023
	calculation tab. PD has considered i	the emission reduction for 2021, however
	eriod is from 01/01/2022 to 30/06/202	
PD response		Date: 04/12/2023
		ose of ER calculations. But the number of
		he duration of the MP for any of the lights.
E.g. please see cell P6 in the ER Documentation provided by P	calculations tab.	
Documentation provided by P	J	
VVB assessment		Date: 05/12/2023
	the MP is 546 days and PD has cor	nsidered the ER not more than 546 days
	ER sheet submitted by PD. Hence th	
CL ID 06	Section no. D.5.3	Date: 29/09/2023
Description of CL	d to VVP that out of 14 complex col	acted for aurivaly the households Agriping
		ected for survey, the households Agripine n distributed with pico lights in which the
		ER sheet submitted by PD. PD to clarify.
PD response		Date: 04/12/2023
		al number and hence as a conservative
measure, no ERs are claimed for	these clients. Please see screensho	t below.

		ETTOSTEE	21/05/25									
	3rd batch	27/05/23	30/06/23	19954		Number of clients	197487	samples	amples selected from datal	of the samples were in m s	urvey	
n no.	SN 💌	SN2 🔽	SN3 💌	sn4 <mark>↓↑</mark>	SN5	Total Lights 💌	Regior	Village	First Name	Last Name	Phone Numb	Date of
1	210530305332	210530305337				2	Oshikoto	Onanke	Kuti	Martin	264812298667	01/
2	210918300220					1	Oshana	Onawa	Agippine	Nelongo		01/
3	220309304170 220817301861					1	Oshikoto Oshikoto	Omuthiya Onanghali	Helena	Samuel Nepolo	264813497281	01/
4	20201225302255							Unangnali				27
5	20201225302255 20201225302041	20201225201017	20201225302228	20201225202257		1	Khomas	Okahao	Olivia Amin	Theofelus	+264816470303 +264811244811	27/
7	20201225302041 20201225300799	20201225301917	20201225302228	20201225302257		4	Omusati Oshikoto	Okanao Oshinitolipo	ElizabethNdapwa	Haipinge Lidker	+264811244811 +264812175146	27/
8	20201225300799					1	Oshikoto	Onyaanya	Kristophina	Angula	+264812175146	2//
9	20201225302227					1	Khomas	Goreangab Dam	Efraim	Angula	+264812952986	28/
10	20201225302228					1	Oshikoto	Olukonda	Shuuya	Mathews	+264812957579	31/
11		20201225300913				2	Ohangwena	Ongha	Laimi	Shikongo	+264812555911	01/
12	20201225300934	20201223300313				1	Khomas	Oligna	Sakaria	Andapo	+264812016661	01/
13	20201225300942					1	Khomas		Saara	Haikelo	+264817676768	01/
14	20201225300847					1	Khomas		Lahiia	livambo	+264818931251	02/
15	20201225300798	20201225300915				2	Khomas		Wilbard iyambo	Kapululu	+264812468744	02/
16	20201225300910	20201225300851				2	Khomas		Emma	Omukwaya	+264816801963	02/
17	20201225300801	20201225300745				2	Kunene		Hilija	Haikela	+264813476658	02/
18	20201225300843					1	Khomas		Nekandjo	Peelenga	+264812899570	02/
19	20201225300670	20201225300931				2	Khomas		Sacky	Amenya	+264812985800	02/
20	20201225300800	20201225301920	20201225302225			3	Oshikoto		Ndaambelela	Haimbili	+264816839745	03/
21	20201225300790	20201225300671				2	Khomas	Okuryangava	Kristofina	Peelenga	+264812899570	03/
22	20201225302042	20201225302043	20201225302151	20201225302203		4	Khomas		Wilhard ivamho	Kanululu	+264812468744	03/

VVB assessment

Date: 05/12/2023

PD has removed the claim of ER for the 4 households, as the serial number claimed prior was not in line to the onsite visit. PD also revised the ER value and submitted the revised ER sheet and MR. hence the CL is closed.

CL ID 07	Section no.	0.7.4	Date: 29/09/2023
Description of CL			
During onsite visit it is obs	erved to the VVB that the	date of purchase mentioned	in the ER sheet is not inline
to the monitoring survey su			
PD response			Date: 04/12/2023
		our database which was rec ated entry and there is no sco	corded via a bar code on the ope of human error.
an estimate provided by the users match with the databa	user based on their memory se and shall be considered	bry on when they purchased	ephonic call and is based on a light. But the names of the
Documentation provided	by PD		
VVB assessment			Date: 11/12/2023
20%, producer and consum	er risk as 10% / 10% and		er the Sampling and surveys t available for an in-person
2. How double counting of end users locations.	y conducted by PP is deer GHG emission reduction i	med to be correct, appropriat is avoided such as unique id anagement system with res	dentification of products and

Hence the CL is open. PD response

Date: 22/12/2023

(1) (a) All the users selected in the initial audit sample who were not available for a physical interview on the

dates of the site visit due to logistical limitations were available for a telephonic interview. As a result, 11 additional samples were randomly selected by the VVB (overall 14 people were visited by the VVB) which were practically feasible to physically visit within the site audit timeframe. Overall, more than 2000 kms of road travel was carried out over a period of 2 days.

(b) The approach opted by the VVB is in line with the CDM sampling standard since a randomly selected sample could be geographically located in any part of the country which is an issue "not under the control of the project participant" and therefore additional samples can be requested by the PD.

(c) The only purpose of the monitoring survey conducted by the PD was to record the <u>current expenditure of</u> <u>the users on lighting</u> (Project scenario expenditure for SDG1 calculation). The lighting expenditure reported in the monitoring survey was found to be in accordance with the expenditure reported by the users during the interviews recorded by the VVB.

In line with the above argument, the outcome of the monitoring survey shall be deemed to be correct, appropriate, and reasonable.

(2) <u>How double counting of GHG emission reduction is avoided such as unique identification of products and end user's locations</u> –

Double counting of GHG emission reduction is avoided by marking the lights with a unique identification i.e. serial number to each light and assigned to an individual user in our project database. The project lights are also marked with the GS project ID, hence there is no risk of double counting from other carbon projects (in case there were other carbon projects of this type in Namibia). The end users' locations are maintained by recording the GPS co-ordinates of end user's location.

(3) The data management system implemented by the PD involves a multi-faced approach:

<u>Digital data entry and management</u>. The date of purchase recorded in the ER sheet is obtained via our database which is recorded via a bar code on the box of the lights at the point of sale by the field agents and it is an automated entry and there is no scope of human error in recording the information in the database. The rest of the customer data is collected via a dedicated mobile app by the field agents, capturing the data digitally and with drop down menus to ensure data consistency and integrity.

<u>After sales team</u>. The PD has an after sales team that in addition to providing customer service, they run random sample surveys to customers to confirm the data recorded in the database and to update the data in case of changes or repair or replace the lights, in case of malfunction.

<u>Data analysis</u>. The PD has a dedicated data analysis team that runs automated weekly data integrity checks through scripts in our database, ensuring completeness and integrity of the data collected and reported. The testament to this statement is that the information reported in the database was found to be in line with the information recorded for the 14 samples during the on-site visit.

<u>QA/QCs</u>. The PD has a carbon management team conducting spot checks and internal audits to identify issues and promote a continuous improvement. The team also ensures that the data presented for the verification is conservatively and accurately reported.

Documentation provided by PD

VVB assessment

Date: 27/12/2023

1. With reference to the paragraph 32 and 36 of the applied methodology AMS III-AR version 6, the percentage of project lamps that are operating and in service can be assumed to equal 100 per cent in year 1, 2, and 3, the result of ex post monitoring survey undertaken during the third year shall be used in years 4, 5, 6 and 7.

In line with this PD has conducted the monitoring survey to monitor only the current expenditure of the end users on lighting (project scenario expenditure for SDG 1 scenario).

VVB has selected 11 samples from the monitoring survey report with reference to the CDM sampling standard version 9.0 with AQL / UQL = 0.5% / 20%, producer & consumer risk 10% and acceptance rate = 0.

Out of 11 samples selected, 8 samples (mentioned above) were not available for in-person interview due to logistical limitations. Therefore, to establish the confidence on the monitoring survey conducted for SDG 1 parameter, VVB has randomly selected additional 11 samples. VVB has conducted the acceptance sampling on the total 14 samples (3 from initial MS + 11 additional samples) and compared the responses for current lighting expenditure with the claim made by the PD. It is found that the claim made by PD is inline with the OSV observations.

Hence, the monitoring survey conducted by PD is deemed correct, appropriate and reasonable in line with the current expenditure of the user on lighting and the claim of the PD is found appropriate and acceptable to VVB. Hence, this part of CL is closed.

2. As a part of the evidence gathering process during OSV, it was observed that the solar light distributed by the PD is uniquely demarcated with serial number and GS project id to avoid double counting. However, the monitoring survey report submitted by PD, does not contain any contact number and GPS locations of the users. VVB has also observed inconsistencies between the monitoring survey sheet and database provided by PD. Moreover, under sections D.2 and E.2. of the MR, PD has written that the monitoring survey was conducted in July – August 2023, however, during on-site audit, it was observed that one HH has denied on the monitoring survey. PD is requested to clarify the same. Hence this part of the CL is open.

3. PD is requested to provide appropriate evidence on the process of overall data management system with respect to record keeping and QA/QC procedure. This part of the CL is open.
 PD response

(1) <u>Reasons for missing data/inconsistent data in the monitoring survey</u> - As explained above, the only purpose of carrying out the monitoring survey was to record the current expenditure of users (project scenario for SDG1 calculation) since as per the methodology "the percentage of project lamps that are operating and in service can be assumed to equal 100 per cent in year 1, 2, and 3".

Hence for simplification, other details like phone numbers, GPS data were omitted from the monitoring survey file before submission to the VVB. These details have been added now and the revised monitoring survey file is submitted to the VVB.

The inconsistency regarding the distribution date of lights is already answered above and accepted. The inconsistency with respect to number of lights per user is primarily due to users reporting that they own more lights during the telephonic monitoring survey then they own (as per the database) which is also testament of our QA/QC procedure and conservative for the purpose of ER and other SDG calculations.

Finally, these inconsistencies between the lights database and the telephonic monitoring survey have no impact on the ER calculations since the implementation of the project was found to be in line with the ER database as reported by the 14 samples which were interviewed by the VVB.

(2) The response from the user which reported to not being called for the monitoring survey has been discounted for the purpose of SDG 1 calculations. Documentation provided by PD

VVB assessment

Date: 09/04/2024

1. Closed

2. PD has now included the phone number, GPS coordinates and other details in the revised monitoring survey sheet and the same has been verified by VVB in line with the database and found appropriate. PD has appropriately discounted the user who denied the monitoring survey for the purpose of SDG 1 calculation and the same has been verified by VVB. Hence this part of the CL is closed.

PD has provided appropriate evidence on the process of overall data management system with respect to record keeping and QA/QC procedure. Hence the CL is closed.

Table 4. Remaining FAR from validation and/ or previous verifications

FAR ID 01	Section no.	D.5.2	Date: 29/09/2023			
Description of FAR						
The process for collecting and recycling/ safety disposing of spent batteries shall be further developed.						
This shall be evaluated at the time of first verification.						
PD response			Date: 04/12/2023			
The project developer has onboarded an authorized e-waste disposal company to dispose of the faulty lights in an environmentally safe manner. All the reported faulty lights that cannot be re-used are stored in our warehouse and then handed over to the authorized e-waste disposal company. The certificate received from the authorized e-waste disposal company is submitted as evidence.						
Documentation provided by	oroject develop	er				

NamiGreen-Certificate

E-waste management process **VVB assessment**

Date: 11/12/2023

PD has submitted the certificate of waste disposal and Water management procedure to the VVB which in detail explained the process of waste management and waste management structure. Hence the FAR is closed.

FAR ID	02	Section no.		Date: 28/05/2024			
Descript	Description of FAR						
As per th	As per the applied methodology 37(a), the size of the sample shall be no less than 100. This shall be						
evaluate	evaluated at the time of first verification.						
PD resp	PD response Date: 28/05/2024						
Only SD	Only SDG 1 survey was applicable for the current MP and PD selected 141 samples for the SDG 1						
survey h	ence meeting the meth	nodology require	ements.				
Docume	Documentation provided by project developer						
NA							
VVB ass	essment			Date: 29/05/2024			
conducte	As per the applied methodology 37 (a) the size of the sample shall be no less than 100. PD has conducted monitoring survey for the SDG 1 considering total sample size of 141, which is inline as per the applied methodological requirement. Hence the FAR 02 is closed.						

Annex 1: Assessment of data and parameters fixed ex-ante at the time of validation

Relevant SDG Indicator	SDG 13			
Parameter	Grid factor in year y, GF _y			
Data unit	Fraction			
Default values used	1.0			
Purpose of data	Calculation of Baseline Emissions			
Source of verification of the source	AMS-III.AR, version 6.0			
	The project Solar Light is charged by a renewable energy system			
	included as part of the project lamp (i.e. a photovoltaic system) and			
	as defined in AMS-III.AR V.6.0 under charging option 3a default			
	value for GF _y is 1.0			

Relevant SDG Indicator	SDG13		
Parameter	Dynamic Baseline factor (change in baseline fuel, fuel use rate,		
	and/ or utilization during crediting period in year y), DBy		
Data unit	Fraction		
Default values used	1.0		
Purpose of data	Calculation of Baseline Emissions		
Source of verification of the source	AMS-III.AR, version 6.0		
	Option 1: default of 1.0 in the absence of relevant information		

Relevant SDG Indicator	SDG13, Climate Action		
Parameter	Lamp Emission factor, DV		
Data unit	Tonnes CO ₂ e per year per project lamp		
Default values used	0.092		
Purpose of data	Calculation of Baseline Emissions		
Source of verification of the source	Default value		

Relevant SDG Indicator	SDG 1.1/1.2				
Parameter	Annual expenditure on lighting per household in the baselin				
	scenario, EX _{h,b,\$}				
Data unit	Namibian Dollars				
Default values used	2,429.36				
Purpose of data	Supports calculation of financial savings per solar light due to				
	avoided purchases of non-renewable energy sources for lighting.				
Source of verification of the source	urce Based on answers from surveyed households and recorded in				
	survey form provided by NSLC. The value used is the average				
	value for this parameter from all the surveyed households. The				
	data captured included the average weekly expenditure in candles,				
	kerosene and batteries for lighting per household in \$N and				
	converted into an annual value (multiplied by 52 weeks per year).				
	The Local Data Management Partner sent electronic copy of all				
	surveys to the Project Developer for tabulation (manual input) in				
	project baseline assessment spreadsheet. Project Developer's				
	management conducted QA/QC procedures to ensure data				
	completeness and exclude any incorrect data and outliers.				

Annex 2: Assessment of data and parameters monitored

Monitoring Parameter Requirement	Assessment/ Observation by the VVB		
Relevant SDG Indicator	SDG 1.1 and SDG 13.2		
Data / Parameter:	The percentage of project lamps distributed to end users that		
(as in monitoring plan of PDD):	are operating and in service (OF_y)		
Unit	Fraction		
Measuring frequency/Time Interval:	Survey conducted during third year of the crediting period		
Reported value	100%- Batch 1-3		
Verified Source of Data	NA since all lights are within 3 years of usage		
Is measuring and reporting frequency in	Yes, the reported data in MR has been compared with the		
accordance with the monitoring plan and	methodology and ER sheet /02/		
monitoring methodology? (Yes / No)			
Assessment of details of monitoring	NA		
equipment, its specification and calibration			
as per the requirements of registered PDD:			
Does the data management (from data	Yes, the data management ensures correct transfer of data		
generation to emission reduction calculation)	and reporting of emission reductions and all necessary		
ensure correct transfer of data and reporting of emission reductions and are necessary	QA/QC processes are in place.		
QA/QC processes in place?			
In case only partial data are available	NA		
because activity levels or non-activity			
parameters have not been monitored in			
accordance with the registered monitoring			
plan, has the most conservative assumption			
theoretically possible been applied or has a			
request for deviation been approved?			

Monitoring Parameter Requirement	Assessment/ Observation by the VVB
Relevant SDG Indicator	SDG 1.1
Data / Parameter:	Annual expenditure on lighting per household in the project scenario (Exh,p, \$)
(as in monitoring plan of PDD): Unit	
	Namibian Dollars (\$N)
Measuring frequency/Time Interval:	Once during the crediting period
Reported value	461.73
Verified Source of Data	Monitoring survey record /05/
Is measuring and reporting frequency in	Yes, the reported data in MR has been compared with the
accordance with the monitoring plan and	monitoring survey records and ER sheet /02/
monitoring methodology? (Yes / No)	
Assessment of details of monitoring	NA
equipment, its specification and calibration	
as per the requirements of registered PDD:	
Does the data management (from data	Yes, the data management ensures correct transfer of data
generation to emission reduction calculation)	and reporting of emission reductions and all necessary
ensure correct transfer of data and reporting	QA/QC processes are in place.
of emission reductions and are necessary	
QA/QC processes in place?	
In case only partial data are available	NA
because activity levels or non-activity parameters have not been monitored in	
accordance with the registered monitoring	
plan, has the most conservative assumption	
theoretically possible been applied or has a	
request for deviation been approved?	

Monitoring Parameter Requirement	Assessment/ Observation by	v the VVB
Relevant SDG Indicator	SDG 1.1./1.2.1/1.2.2, SDG 7.1.1/7.1.2/7.2.1 and SDG 13.2	
Data / Parameter:	Total number of projects solar lights distributed during	
(as in monitoring plan of PDD):	crediting period (N)	
Unit	Units	
Measuring frequency/Time Interval:	Quarterly and aggregated on a	a yearly basis
Reported value		
	Year	Amount
	1st 27/05/2021- 26/05/2022	40,240
	2 nd 27/05/2022- 26/05/2023	178,765
	3 rd 27/05/2023- 26/05/2024	25,896
	Total	244,901
Verified Source of Data	Project Database /02/	
Is measuring and reporting frequency in	Yes	
accordance with the monitoring plan and		
monitoring methodology? (Yes / No)		
Assessment of details of monitoring	NA	
equipment, its specification and calibration		
as per the requirements of registered PDD:	Vac the data management of	nource correct transfer of date
Does the data management (from data generation to emission reduction calculation)		nsures correct transfer of data reductions and all necessary
ensure correct transfer of data and reporting	QA/QC processes are in place	
of emission reductions and are necessary		
QA/QC processes in place?		
In case only partial data are available	NA	
because activity levels or non-activity		
parameters have not been monitored in		
accordance with the registered monitoring plan, has the most conservative assumption		
theoretically possible been applied or has a		
request for deviation been approved?		
Monitoring Parameter Requirement	Assessment/ Observation by	y the VVB
Relevant SDG Indicator	Safeguarding Principle 3.3.1	
Data / Parameter:		staff and distribution agents
(as in monitoring plan of PDD):	(Community exposure of incre	ased health risks)
Unit	Number of staff trained	
Measuring frequency/Time Interval:	Annually	
Reported value	0	
Verified Source of Data		given to staff and distribution
		current monitoring period no
le modeuring and conorting frequency in	COVID 19 related training is ca Yes	arried out.
Is measuring and reporting frequency in	165	
accordance with the monitoring plan and		
monitoring methodology? (Yes / No)		
Assessment of details of monitoring equipment, its specification and calibration	NA	
as per the requirements of registered PDD:		
Does the data management (from data	Yes, the data management e	nsures correct transfer of data
generation to emission reduction calculation)		reductions and all necessary
ensure correct transfer of data and reporting	QA/QC processes are in place	
of emission reductions and are necessary		
QA/QC processes in place?		
In case only partial data are available because activity levels or non-activity	NA	

 parameters have not been monitored in
accordance with the registered monitoring
plan, has the most conservative assumption
theoretically possible been applied or has a
request for deviation been approved?

Monitoring Parameter Requirement	Assessment/ Observation by the VVB
Relevant SDG Indicator	Safeguarding Principles 9.4
Data / Parameter:	Total number of solar lights recycled or disposed of during
(as in monitoring plan of PDD):	the lifetime of the project (Hazardous and non- hazardous)
Unit	N _{rd}
Measuring frequency/Time Interval:	Annual
Reported value	1529
Verified Source of Data	Project database /02/ and records of waste handling and disposal/ recycling /06/
Is measuring and reporting frequency in	Yes
accordance with the monitoring plan and	
monitoring methodology? (Yes / No)	
Assessment of details of monitoring equipment, its specification and calibration as per the requirements of registered PDD:	NA
Does the data management (from data generation to emission reduction calculation) ensure correct transfer of data and reporting of emission reductions and are necessary QA/QC processes in place?	Yes, the data management ensures correct transfer of data and reporting of emission reductions and all necessary QA/QC processes are in place.
In case only partial data are available because activity levels or non-activity parameters have not been monitored in accordance with the registered monitoring plan, has the most conservative assumption theoretically possible been applied or has a request for deviation been approved?	NA

Annex 3: Sustainable Development Contributions Achieved

Sustainable Development Goals Targeted	SDG Impact	Ex-ante estimated	Amount Achieved	Units/ Produc ts	VVB Assessment
13 Climate Action (mandatory)	GHG emission reductions	44,854	11,664	tCO ₂ e	VVB has reviewed the ER sheet /02/ monitoring survey /05/, database /03/ and SDG contribution calculation /13/. The same has been verified during on-site audit /12/ and found the value is appropriate.
	Population accessing clean lights	950,937	768,994	No. of People	VVB has reviewed the ER sheet /02/ monitoring survey /05/, database /03/ and SDG contribution calculation /13/. The same has been verified during on-site audit /12/ and found the value is appropriate.
	Savings in lighting expenditure	24,494,433	19,758,531	\$saved	VVB has reviewed the ER sheet /02/ monitoring survey /05/, database /03/ and SDG contribution calculation /13/. The same has been verified during on-site audit /12/ and found the value is appropriate.